



**LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034**

**M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – MATHEMATICS**

THIRD SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2015

**MT 3812 - CLASSICAL MECHANICS**

Date : 05/11/2015

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time : 09:00-12:00

**Answer ALL the questions**

1. a. State and prove the principle of virtual work

**OR**

b. Classify the motion of the following objects

i. Arrow----- ii. Compact disc.----- iii. Electron ----- iv. Fan blade ----- v. Honeybee ----- [ 5 ]

c. Derive the Lagrange's equation of motion and find the differential equation of motion for spherical pendulum of length  $l$ .

**OR**

d. Classify the constraints with reasons for the following cases

i. A bead moving on a circular wire.

ii. A sphere rolling down a rough inclined plane without slipping.

iii. The molecules moving inside a gas container [15]

2. a. Write down the Hamiltonian and Hamilton's equation for a particle in a central force field in space

**OR**

b. Find the Routh's function for the motion of a projectile. Hence deduce the

equation of motion. [5]

c. State Hamilton's principle and deduce Lagrange's equation from Hamilton's principle.

**OR**

d. Derive the Hamilton's function and the Hamilton's canonical equation of motion and give the physical significance of Hamilton's function. [7+8]

3. a. Find the infiniteesimal contact transformation and deduce the transformation equation in terms of Poisson bracket.

**OR**

b. Find the values of a and b so that the equation  $Q = q^a \cos b p$ ,  $P = q^a \sin bp$  represent a canonical transformation [5]

c. State and prove Integral Invariant theorem of Poincare

**OR**

d. Discuss about the motion of a top [7+8]

4. a. Derive the transformation equation for Infinite decimal contact transformation.

**OR**

b. Define dust cloud. State and prove Liouville's theorem. [5]

c. Derive the conservation theorem of angular momentum using Infinite decimal contact transformation

**OR**

d. Derive the Hamilton – Jacobi equation for the Hamilton's principle function S. [15]

5. a. Discuss the motion of a particle moving in a plane under the action of central force using Hamilton - Jacobi equation.

**OR**

b. Find the action and angle variable for simple Harmonic Oscillator [5]

c. Derive the Hamilton – Jacobi equation for the Hamilton's characteristic function

**OR**

d. Discuss Kepler's problem using action angle variable. [15]

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